

Safety Data Sheet

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Article 31, Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

KLIMA LIGHT CALCE

Date of first edition: 2/2/2022

Safety Data Sheet dated 10/02/2026

version 3

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Mixture identification:

Trade name: KLIMA LIGHT CALCE

Trade code: S100K0466 33

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended use: Adhesives, sealants

Uses advised against: All uses other than recommended ones

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company: KERAKOLL S.p.A.

Via dell'Artigianato, 9

41049 Sassuolo (MODENA) - ITALY

Tel.+39 0536 816511 Fax. +39 0536816581

safety@kerakoll.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

European emergency phone number 112

Ireland Emergency medical information: (seven days) contact National Poisons Information Centre, Beaumont Hospital, Dublin 9 DOV2NO, Ireland.

Members of the public Number (8 am-10 pm): +353 (0)1 809 2166

Healthcare professional telephone Number (24hrs): +353 (0)1 809 2566

Malta In case of emergency call: +356 2395 2000 (24h)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification



2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Skin Irrit. 2 Causes skin irritation.

Eye Dam. 1 Causes serious eye damage.

Skin Sens. 1B May cause an allergic skin reaction.

STOT SE 3 May cause respiratory irritation.

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects:

No other hazards

2.2. Label elements

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP):

Hazard pictograms and Signal Word



Danger

Hazard statements

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

Precautionary statements

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

- P260 Do not breathe dust.
- P280 Wear protective gloves and eye protection.
- P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
- P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
- P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable regulations.

Contains

Portland Cement (Cr VI < 0,0002%)

Natural Hydraulic Lime

Special provisions according to Annex XVII of REACH and subsequent amendments:

None.

2.3. Other hazards

When mixtures containing cement react with water, for instance when making concrete or mortar, or when the cement becomes wet, a strong alkaline solution is produced (high pH caused by the formation of calcium, sodium and potassium hydroxides).

Cement and mixtures containing cement may irritate the eyes, the mucous system, the throat and the respiratory system and cause coughing. Frequent inhalation of cement dust or mixtures containing cement over a long period of time increases the risk of developing lung diseases.

No PBT, vPvB or endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration $\geq 0.1\%$

The product contains substances reacting with water and creating a caustic mixture. This mixture becomes no longer caustic upon ageing, until disappearance of any risk when hardening is complete. Depending on the nature and amount of its constituent substances, the product can exhibit hazard labelling, as reported on point 2.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

N.A.

3.2. Mixtures

Mixture identification: KLIMA LIGHT CALCE

Hazardous components within the meaning of the CLP regulation and related classification:

Qty	Name	Ident. Numb.	Classification	Registration Number
≥ 20 -<50 %	Portland Cement (Cr VI < 0,0002%)	CAS:65997-15-1 EC:266-043-4	Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Skin Sens. 1B, H317; STOT SE 3, H335	
≥ 5 -<10 %	Natural Hydraulic Lime	CAS:85117-09-5 EC:285-561-1	Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Dam. 1, H318; STOT SE 3, H335	
<0.036 %	Calcium dihydroxide	CAS:1305-62-0 EC:215-137-3	Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Dam. 1, H318; STOT SE 3, H335	01-2119475151-45

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

In case of skin contact:

Immediately take off all contaminated clothing.

OBTAIN IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION.

Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose off safely.

After contact with skin, wash immediately with soap and plenty of water.

In case of eyes contact:

After contact with the eyes, rinse with water with the eyelids open for a sufficient length of time, then consult an ophthalmologist immediately.

Protect uninjured eye.

In case of Ingestion:

Do not induce vomiting, get medical attention showing the SDS and label hazardous.

In case of Inhalation:

In case of inhalation, consult a doctor immediately and show him packing or label.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Eye irritation

Eye damages

Skin Irritation

Erythema

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:

- Water.
- Carbon dioxide (CO₂).

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.
- Burning produces heavy smoke.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

- Use suitable breathing apparatus .
- Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.
- Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non emergency personnel:

- Wear personal protection equipment.
- Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dusts/aerosols.
- Provide adequate ventilation.
- Use appropriate respiratory protection.
- See protective measures under point 7 and 8.

For emergency responders:

- Wear personal protection equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

- Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.
- Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.
- In case of gas escape or of entry into waterways, soil or drains, inform the responsible authorities.
- Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand
- Wash with plenty of water.

6.4. Reference to other sections

- See also section 8 and 13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

- Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapours and mists.
- Use localized ventilation system.
- Don't use empty container before they have been cleaned.
- Before making transfer operations, assure that there aren't any incompatible material residuals in the containers.
- Contaminated clothing should be changed before entering eating areas.
- Do not eat or drink while working.
- See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.

Advice on general occupational hygiene:

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

The product must be stored in waterproof, dry, clean conditions and protected from contamination. Do not use aluminum containers due to incompatibility of the materials.

None in particular.

Instructions as regards storage premises:

Adequately ventilated premises.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Recommendation(s)

None in particular

Industrial sector specific solutions:

None in particular

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Community Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

	OEL Type	Country	Occupational Exposure Limit
Calcium carbonate CAS: 471-34-1	NATIONAL	HUNGARY	Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ inhalable aerosol Source: 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM
	NATIONAL	IRELAND	Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ Inhalable fraction Source: 2021 Code of Practice
	NATIONAL	IRELAND	Long Term: 4 mg/m ³ Respirable fraction Source: 2021 Code of Practice
	NATIONAL	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ inhalable aerosol Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits
	NATIONAL	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 4 mg/m ³ respirable aerosol Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits
	NATIONAL	CROATIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ U Source: NN 1/2021
	NATIONAL	CROATIA	Long Term: 4 mg/m ³ R Source: NN 1/2021
	NATIONAL	FRANCE	Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ Source: INRS outil65
	NATIONAL	LATVIA	Long Term: 6 mg/m ³ Source: KN325P1
	NATIONAL	POLAND	Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ 4) Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286
Limestone CAS: 1317-65-3	SUVA	SWITZERLAND	Long Term: 3 mg/m ³ TWA mg/m ³ : (a), Formel / Formal, NIOSH Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
	NATIONAL	BULGARIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ Source: НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г.
	NATIONAL	ESTONIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ Source: Vabariigi Valitsuse, 20. märtsi 2001. a määrus nr 105
	NATIONAL	ESTONIA	Long Term: 5 mg/m ³ Source: Vabariigi Valitsuse, 20. märtsi 2001. a määrus nr 105
	NATIONAL	GREECE	Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ εισπν. Source: ΦΕΚ 94/Α` 13.5.1999
	NATIONAL	GREECE	Long Term: 5 mg/m ³ αvapν. Source: ΦΕΚ 94/Α` 13.5.1999
	NATIONAL	SPAIN	Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ (1) inhalable aerosol Source: LEP 2022
	NATIONAL	HUNGARY	Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ N Source: 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelet
	WEL-EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT	Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ Inhalable fraction Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)

BRITAIN AND
NORTHERN
IRELAND

WEL-EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 4 mg/m3 Respirable fraction Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
NATIONAL	BELGIUM	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1
NATIONAL	IRELAND	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 Source: 2021 Code of Practice
NATIONAL	IRELAND	Long Term: 4 mg/m3 Source: 2021 Code of Practice
NATIONAL	SWITZERLAND	Long Term: 3 mg/m3 (1) respirable aerosol Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
Portland Cement (Cr VI < 0,0002%) CAS: 65997-15-1	ACGIH	Long Term: 1 mg/m3 (8h) E,R, A4 - Pulm func, resp symptoms, asthma
NATIONAL	BELGIUM	Long Term: 1 mg/m3 Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1
NATIONAL	CROATIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 U Source: NN 1/2021
NATIONAL	CROATIA	Long Term: 4 mg/m3 R Source: NN 1/2021
NATIONAL	IRELAND	Long Term: 1 mg/m3 R Source: 2021 Code of Practice
NATIONAL	SPAIN	Long Term: 4 mg/m3 e, d Source: LEP 2022
NATIONAL	AUSTRIA	Long Term: 5 mg/m3 MAK, E Source: BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
NATIONAL	FINLAND	Long Term: 5 mg/m3 hengittyvä pöly Source: HTP-ARVOT 2020
NATIONAL	FINLAND	Long Term: 1 mg/m3 alveolijae Source: HTP-ARVOT 2020
NATIONAL	HUNGARY	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 N Source: 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelet
NATIONAL	LATVIA	Long Term: 6 mg/m3 Source: KN325P1
NATIONAL	POLAND	Long Term: 6 mg/m3 4) Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286
NATIONAL	POLAND	Long Term: 2 mg/m3 6), 7) Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286
SUVA	SWITZERLAND	Long Term: 5 mg/m3 TWA mg/m3: (i), S, Poumons Asthme / Lunge Asthma Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
WEL-EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)

GREAT
BRITAIN AND
NORTHERN
IRELAND

WEL-EH40 UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND Long Term: 4 mg/m³
Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)

Calcium dihydroxide
CAS: 1305-62-0

ACGIH Long Term: 5 mg/m³ (8h)
Eye, URT and skin irr

NATIONAL BELGIUM Long Term: 1 mg/m³; Short Term: 4 mg/m³
Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1

NATIONAL CROATIA Long Term: 1 mg/m³; Short Term: 4 mg/m³
R (14)
Source: 2017/164/EU

NATIONAL CYPRUS Long Term: 1 mg/m³; Short Term: 4 mg/m³
9 (2019)
Source: Οι περί Ασφάλειας και Υγείας στην Εργασία (Χημικοί Παράγοντες) Κανονισμοί του 2001 έως 2021

NATIONAL GERMANY Long Term: 1 mg/m³
Y, EU, DFG, E, 2 (I)
Source: TRGS 900

NATIONAL GREECE Long Term: 1 mg/m³; Short Term: 4 mg/m³
9)
Source: Π.Δ. 82/2018 (ΦΕΚ 152/Α` 21.8.2018)

NATIONAL IRELAND Long Term: 1 mg/m³; Short Term: 4 mg/m³
IOELV, R
Source: 2021 Code of Practice

NATIONAL ITALY Long Term: 1 mg/m³; Short Term: 4 mg/m³
Frazione respirabile
Source: D.lgs. 81/2008, Allegato XXXVIII

NATIONAL LATVIA Long Term: 1 mg/m³; Short Term: 4 mg/m³
Source: KN325P1

NATIONAL LUXEMBOURG Long Term: 5 mg/m³
11, 14
Source: Mémorial A n.226 du 22 mars 2021

NATIONAL LUXEMBOURG Long Term: 1 mg/m³; Short Term: 4 mg/m³
9, 14
Source: Mémorial A n.226 du 22 mars 2021

NATIONAL MALTA Long Term: 1 mg/m³; Short Term: 4 mg/m³
10
Source: S.L.424.24

NATIONAL PORTUGAL Long Term: 1 mg/m³
(9)
Source: Decreto-Lei n.º 1/2021

NATIONAL ROMANIA Long Term: 1 mg/m³; Short Term: 4 mg/m³
Frațiune respirabilă, Dir. 2017/164
Source: Republicarea 1 - nr. 743 din 29 iulie 2021

NATIONAL SLOVENIA Long Term: 1 mg/m³; Short Term: 4 mg/m³
Y, EU4, (A)
Source: UL št. 72, 11. 5. 2021

NATIONAL SPAIN Long Term: 1 mg/m³; Short Term: 4 mg/m³
VLI, d
Source: LEP 2022

NATIONAL AUSTRIA Long Term: 1 mg/m³; Short Term: Ceiling - 4 mg/m³
5(Mow), 8x, MAK, E
Source: GKV, BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021

NATIONAL BULGARIA Long Term: 1 mg/m³; Short Term: 4 mg/m³
5

Source: НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г.

NATIONAL	CZECHIA	Long Term: 1 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: Ceiling - 4 mg/m ³ I, R Source: Nařízení vlády č. 361-2007 Sb
NATIONAL	DENMARK	Long Term: 5 mg/m ³ E Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
NATIONAL	DENMARK	Long Term: 1 mg/m ³ E Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
NATIONAL	ESTONIA	Long Term: 1 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 4 mg/m ³ 1 Source: Vabariigi Valitsuse, 20. märtsi 2001. a määrus nr 105
NATIONAL	FINLAND	Long Term: 1 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 4 mg/m ³ Source: HTP-ARVOT 2020
NATIONAL	FRANCE	Long Term: 1 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 4 mg/m ³ Source: INRS outil65, article R. 4412-149 du Code du travail
NATIONAL	HUNGARY	Long Term: 1 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 4 mg/m ³ resp, EU4, N Source: 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelet
NATIONAL	LITHUANIA	Long Term: 5 mg/m ³ O Source: 2011 m. rugsėjo 1 d. Nr. V-824/A1-389
NATIONAL	NETHERLAND S	Long Term: 1 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 4 mg/m ³ (2) Source: Arbeidsomstandighedenregeling - Lijst A
NATIONAL	NORWAY	Long Term: 1 mg/m ³ E Source: FOR-2021-06-28-2248
NATIONAL	NORWAY	Short Term: 4 mg/m ³ S Source: FOR-2021-06-28-2248
NATIONAL	POLAND	Long Term: 2 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 6 mg/m ³ 4) Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286
NATIONAL	POLAND	Long Term: 1 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 4 mg/m ³ 6) Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286
NATIONAL	SLOVAKIA	Long Term: 1 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 4 mg/m ³ 11) Source: 355 NARIADENIE VLÁDY z 10. mája 2006
NATIONAL	SWEDEN	Long Term: 1 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 4 mg/m ³ 3 Source: AFS 2021:3
SUVA	SWITZERLAND	Long Term: 1 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 4 mg/m ³ D TWA mg/m ³ : (i), SSC, VRS / OAW, NIOSH Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
WEL-EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 5 mg/m ³ Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
EU		Long Term: 1 mg/m ³ (8h); Short Term: 4 mg/m ³ Respirable fraction
Kaolin CAS: 1332-58-7	ACGIH	Long Term: 2 mg/m ³ (8h) E,R, A4 - Pneumoconiosis
	NATIONAL	BELGIUM Long Term: 2 mg/m ³ Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1

	NATIONAL DENMARK	Long Term: 2 mg/m ³ Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
	NATIONAL FINLAND	Long Term: 2 mg/m ³ alveolijae Source: HTP-ARVOT 2020
	NATIONAL IRELAND	Long Term: 2 mg/m ³ Source: 2021 Code of Practice
	NATIONAL POLAND	Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ 4), 7) Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286
	SUVA SWITZERLAN D	Long Term: 3 mg/m ³ TWA mg/m ³ : (a), Fibpulm / Lungenfibrose Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
	WEL-EH40 UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 2 mg/m ³ Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
	NATIONAL CROATIA	Long Term: 2 mg/m ³ R Source: NN 1/2021
sodium chloride CAS: 7647-14-5	NATIONAL LATVIA	Long Term: 5 mg/m ³ Source: KN325P1
	NATIONAL LITHUANIA	Long Term: 5 mg/m ³ Source: 2011 m. rugsėjo 1 d. Nr. V-824/A1-389

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) values

Natural Hydraulic Lime CAS: 85117-09-5	Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 574 µg/l
	Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 574 µg/l
	Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 374 µg/l
	Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (marine water); PNEC Limit: 374 µg/l
	Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 3.511 mg/l
	Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 1262 mg/kg
Calcium dihydroxide CAS: 1305-62-0	Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 490 µg/l
	Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 490 µg/l
	Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 320 µg/l
	Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 3 mg/l
	Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 1080 mg/kg

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) values

Natural Hydraulic Lime CAS: 85117-09-5	Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Professional: 1 mg/m ³ ; Consumer: 1 mg/m ³
	Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects Worker Professional: 4 mg/m ³ ; Consumer: 4 mg/m ³
Calcium dihydroxide CAS: 1305-62-0	Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects Worker Professional: 1 mg/m ³ ; Consumer: 1 mg/m ³
	Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, local effects Worker Professional: 4 mg/m ³ ; Consumer: 4 mg/m ³

8.2. Exposure controls

Eye protection:

Eye glasses with side protection.(EN166)

Protection for skin:

Chemical protection clothing. Safety shoes.

Protection for hands:

Protection for hands:

Suitable materials for safety gloves; EN 374:

Nitrile rubber - NBR: thickness $\geq 0,35\text{mm}$; breakthrough time $\geq 480\text{min}$.

Respiratory protection:

Particle filter P2 .

Thermal Hazards:

Not expected if used as intended

Environmental exposure controls:

Prevent the product from entering sewers or surface and underground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Solid

Colour: Grey

Odour: Odourless

Odour threshold: N.A. (OECD 122)

pH: $>=11.00 <=12.00$ Notes: 1%

Kinematic viscosity: $<= 20,5 \text{ mm}^2/\text{sec}$ (40 °C)

Melting point/freezing point: N.A.

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range: N.A.

Flash point: $> 93^\circ\text{C}$

Lower and upper explosion limit: N.A.

Relative vapour density: N.A.

Vapour pressure: N.A.

Density and/or relative density: 1.10 g/cm^3 (ISO 2811)

Solubility in water: Slightly soluble

Solubility in oil: N.A.

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): N.A.

Auto-ignition temperature: N.A.

Decomposition temperature: N.A.

Flammability: N.A.

Volatile Organic compounds - VOCs = 0 % ; 0 g/l

Particle characteristics:

Particle size: N.A.

9.2. Other information

No other relevant information

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable as long as it is properly stored (see Section 7).

Wet product is alkaline and incompatible with acids, with ammonium salts, with aluminium or other base metals. When in contact with hydrofluoric acid, mixtures containing cement dissolve to produce corrosive silicon tetrafluoride gas. Mixtures containing cement react with water to form silicates and calcium hydroxide. Silicates in cement react with powerful oxidizers such as fluorine, boron trifluoride, chlorine trifluoride, manganese trifluoride and oxygen difluoride.

Intact packaging and compliance with the appropriate storage conditions as indicated in Subsection 7.2 (adequate tightly closed and sealed containers, dry and cool place, no ventilation) are the essential conditions

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Stable under normal conditions.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Acids, ammonium salts, aluminium or other base metals. Uncontrolled use of aluminium dust in wet cement-containing products is to be avoided because it causes the production of hydrogen.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

None.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Toxicological Information of the Preparation

a) acute toxicity

Not classified

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

b) skin corrosion/irritation	The product is classified: Skin Irrit. 2(H315)
c) serious eye damage/irritation	The product is classified: Eye Dam. 1(H318)
d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	The product is classified: Skin Sens. 1B(H317)
e) germ cell mutagenicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
f) carcinogenicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
g) reproductive toxicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
h) STOT-single exposure	The product is classified: STOT SE 3(H335)
i) STOT-repeated exposure	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
j) aspiration hazard	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Toxicological information on main components of the mixture:

Natural Hydraulic Lime	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat > 2000 mg/kg LC50 Inhalation Dust Rat > 6.04 mg/l 4h LD50 Skin Rabbit > 2500 mg/kg 24h	
	b) skin corrosion/irritation	Skin Irritant Rabbit Positive 4h	
	c) serious eye damage/irritation	Eye Irritant Rabbit Yes	
	d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Skin Sensitization Negative	Mouse
	g) reproductive toxicity	No Observed Adverse Effect Level Oral >= 400 mg/kg	Mouse
Calcium dihydroxide	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat > 2000 mg/kg LC50 Inhalation Dust Rat > 6.04 mg/l 4h LD50 Skin Rabbit > 2500 mg/kg	
	b) skin corrosion/irritation	Skin Irritant Rabbit Positive	
	c) serious eye damage/irritation	Eye Irritant Rabbit Yes	
	d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Skin Sensitization Negative	
	f) carcinogenicity	Carcinogenicity Oral Rat = 517 mg/kg	NOAEL

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties:

No endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Adopt good working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment.

Eco-Toxicological Information:

List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the product

Not classified for environmental hazards.

No data available for the product

List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the components

Component	Ident. Numb.	Ecotox Data
Natural Hydraulic Lime	CAS: 85117-09-5 - EINECS: 285-561-1	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish rainbow trout = 50.6 mg/L 96h „OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test) a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Daphnia Daphnia magna = 49.1 mg/L 48h OECD 202

Calcium dihydroxide

CAS: 1305-62-0
- EINECS: 215-137-3

b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Crangon septemspinosa = 32 mg/L - 14days

d) Terrestrial toxicity : NOEC Worm Eisenia fetida = 2000 mg/kg

e) Plant toxicity : EC10 = 1080 mg/kg

a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish rainbow trout = 50.6 mg/L 96h

a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Daphnia Daphnia magna = 49.1 mg/L 48h

b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Crangon septemspinosa = 32 mg/L 48h - 14days

a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata = 184.57 mg/L 72h „OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)

a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Sludge activated sludge = 300.4 mg/L 3h „OECD Guideline 209 (Activated Sludge, Respiration Inhibition Test)

d) Terrestrial toxicity : NOEC Worm Eisenia fetida = 2000 mg/kg „OECD Guideline 207 (Earthworm, Acute Toxicity Tests)

d) Terrestrial toxicity : EC10 soil microorganisms = 4000 mg/kg „Guideline: BBA VI, 1-1 (1990) under consideration of OECD 216 (2000) and OECD 217 (2000).

12.2. Persistence and degradability

N.A.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

N.A.

12.4. Mobility in soil

N.A.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No PBT or vPvB substances present in concentration \geq 0.1%

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration \geq 0.1%

12.7. Other adverse effects

N.A.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Recover, if possible. Send to authorised disposal plants or for incineration under controlled conditions. In so doing, comply with the local and national regulations currently in force. Disposal through discharge into wastewater is not permitted

The product disposed of as such, pursuant to Regulation (EU) 1357/2014, must be classified as hazardous waste

A waste code according to the European List of Wastes (LoW) cannot be specified, due to dependence on the usage. Contact an authorized waste disposal service.

Properties of waste which render it hazardous (Annex III, Directive 2008/98/EC):

N.A.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

14.1. UN number or ID number

N/A

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR-Shipping Name: N/A

IATA-Shipping Name: N/A

IMDG-Shipping Name: N/A

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR-Class: N/A

IATA-Class: N/A

IMDG-Class: N/A

14.4. Packing group

ADR-Packing Group: N/A

IATA-Packing group: N/A

IMDG-Packing group: N/A

14.5. Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant: No

Environmental Pollutant: No

IMDG-EMS: N/A

14.6. Special precautions for user

Road and Rail (ADR-RID):

ADR-Label: N/A

ADR - Hazard identification number: N/A

ADR-Special Provisions: N/A

ADR-Transport category (Tunnel restriction code): N/A

ADR Limited Quantities: N/A

ADR Excepted Quantities: N/A

Air (IATA):

IATA-Passenger Aircraft: N/A

IATA-Cargo Aircraft: N/A

IATA-Label: N/A

IATA-Subsidiary hazards: N/A

IATA-Erg: N/A

IATA-Special Provisions: N/A

Sea (IMDG):

IMDG-Stowage and handling: N/A

IMDG-Segregation: N/A

IMDG-Subsidiary hazards: N/A

IMDG-Special Provisions: N/A

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

N.A.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EN 196-10 – “Methods of Testing Cement - Part 10: Determination of the water-soluble chromium (VI) content of cement”

According to Annex XVII, Point 47, under Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) as amended by Regulation No. 552/2009, cement and mixtures containing cement shall not be placed on the market or used if they contain, after mixing with water, more than 0.0002% (2 ppm) of soluble chromium (VI) of the total dry weight of the cement. Considering that once mixed with water, white cement does not contain more than 0.0002% (2 ppm) of water-soluble Cr (VI) on the total dry weight, the same mixture can be marketed without the addition of reducing agents. Cement is a mixture and, as such, is not subject to REACH registration, which is mandatory for substances. Cement clinker is a substance, but it is exempt from registration pursuant to article 2.7 (b) and Annex V.10 of REACH.

Dir. 98/24/EC (Risks related to chemical agents at work)

Dir. 2000/39/EC (Occupational exposure limit values)

Regulation (EC) n. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Regulation (EC) n. 790/2009 (ATP 1 CLP) and (EU) n. 758/2013

Regulation (EU) n. 286/2011 (ATP 2 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 618/2012 (ATP 3 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 487/2013 (ATP 4 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 944/2013 (ATP 5 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 605/2014 (ATP 6 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2015/1221 (ATP 7 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2016/918 (ATP 8 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2016/1179 (ATP 9 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2017/776 (ATP 10 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2018/669 (ATP 11 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2018/1480 (ATP 13 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2019/521 (ATP 12 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2020/217 (ATP 14 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2020/1182 (ATP 15 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2021/643 (ATP 16 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2021/849 (ATP 17 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2022/692 (ATP 18 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2023/707

Regulation (EU) n. 2023/1434 (ATP 19 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2023/1435 (ATP 20 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2024/197 (ATP 21 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2020/878

Regulation (EC) nr 648/2004 (Detergents).

Restrictions related to the product or the substances contained according to Annex XVII Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) and subsequent modifications:

Restrictions related to the product: None.

Restrictions related to the substances contained: 75

Provisions related to directive EU 2012/18 (Seveso III):

None

Explosives precursors – Regulation 2019/1148

No substances listed

Regulation (EU) No 649/2012 (PIC regulation)

No substances listed

German Water Hazard Class.

NWG: Not hazardous for water

German Lagerklasse according to TRGS 510:

LGK 11

SVHC Substances:

No SVHC substances present in concentration $\geq 0.1\%$

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for the mixture.

Substances for which a Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out:

Natural Hydraulic Lime

Calcium dihydroxide

SECTION 16: Other information

Code	Description
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.

Code	Hazard class and hazard category	Description
3.2/2	Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, Category 2
3.3/1	Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage, Category 1
3.4.2/1B	Skin Sens. 1B	Skin Sensitisation, Category 1B
3.8/3	STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure, Category 3

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Classification according to Regulation (EC) Nr. 1272/2008	Classification procedure
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1B, H317	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H335	Calculation method

This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training.

Main bibliographic sources:

ECDIN - Environmental Chemicals Data and Information Network - Joint Research Centre, Commission of the European Communities

SAX's DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS - Eight Edition - Van Nostrand Reinold

The information contained herein is based on our state of knowledge at the above-specified date. It refers solely to the product indicated and constitutes no guarantee of particular quality.

It is the duty of the user to ensure that this information is appropriate and complete with respect to the specific use intended.

This MSDS cancels and replaces any preceding release.

Legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet:

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

AND: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways
ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
ATEmix: Acute toxicity Estimate (Mixtures)
BCF: Biological Concentration Factor
BEI: Biological Exposure Index
BOD: Biochemical Oxygen Demand
CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).
CAV: Poison Center
CE: European Community
CLP: Classification, Labeling, Packaging.
CMR: Carcinogenic, Mutagenic and Reprotoxic
COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand
COV: Volatile Organic Compound
CSA: Chemical Safety Assessment
CSR: Chemical Safety Report
DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.
DPD: Dangerous Preparations Directive
DSD: Dangerous Substances Directive
EC50: Half Maximal Effective Concentration
ECHA: European Chemicals Agency
EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.
ES: Exposure Scenario
GefStoffVO: Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany.
GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.
IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA: International Air Transport Association.
IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA).
IC50: half maximal inhibitory concentration
ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.
ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO).
IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.
INCI: International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients.
IRCCS: Scientific Institute for Research, Hospitalization and Health Care
KAFH: Keep Away From Heat
KSt: Explosion coefficient.
LC50: Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population.
LD50: Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population.
LDLo: Leathal Dose Low
N.A.: Not Applicable
N/A: Not Applicable
N/D: Not defined/ Not available
NA: Not available
NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health
NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level
OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration
PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PGK: Packaging Instruction
PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.
PSG: Passengers
RID: Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.
STEL: Short Term Exposure limit.
STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity.
TLV: Threshold Limiting Value.
TWATLV: Threshold Limit Value for the Time Weighted Average 8 hour day. (ACGIH Standard).
vPvB: Very Persistent, Very Bioaccumulative.
WGK: German Water Hazard Class.

Paragraphs modified from the previous revision:

- SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking
- SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients
- SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection
- SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

- SECTION 12: Ecological information
- SECTION 15: Regulatory information



Exposure Scenario

Calcium dihydroxide

Exposure Scenario, 24/06/2021

Substance identity	
	Calcium dihydroxide
CAS No.	1305-62-0
EINECS No.	215-137-3
Registration number	01-2119475151-45

Table of contents

1. **ES 1** Widespread use by professional workers; Various products (PC9a, PC9b, PC15)

1. ES 1 Widespread use by professional workers; Various products (PC9a, PC9b, PC15)

1.1 TITLE SECTION

Exposure Scenario name	Professional application of coatings and inks - Use in rigid foams, coatings, adhesives and sealants
Date - Version	24/06/2021 - 1.0
Life Cycle Stage	Widespread use by professional workers
Main user group	Professional uses
Sector(s) of use	Professional uses (SU22)
Product Categories	Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers (PC9a) - Fillers, putties, plasters, modelling clay (PC9b) - Non-metal surface treatment products (PC15)

Environment Contributing Scenario

CS1	ERC8c - ERC8f
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Worker Contributing Scenario

CS2 Material transfers	PROC8a
CS3 Hand application - finger paints, pastels, adhesives - Rolling, Brushing	PROC10
CS4 Mixing operations - Manual	PROC19

1.2 Conditions of use affecting exposure

1.2. CS1: Environment Contributing Scenario (ERC8c, ERC8f)

Environmental release categories	Widespread use leading to inclusion into/onto article (indoor) - Widespread use leading to inclusion into/onto article (outdoor) (ERC8c, ERC8f)
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Product (article) characteristics

Physical form of product:

Solid, medium dustiness

Vapour pressure:

< 1E-05 Pa

1.2. CS2: Worker Contributing Scenario: Material transfers (PROC8a)

Process Categories	Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at non-dedicated facilities (PROC8a)
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Product (article) characteristics

Physical form of product:

Solid, medium dustiness

Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure

Duration:

Exposure duration <= 480 min

Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Technical and organisational measures

Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposures.

Avoid direct eye contact with product, also via contamination on hands.

Do not ingest.

Local exhaust ventilation

Inhalation - minimum efficiency of: 72 %

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

<p>Personal protection Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Use suitable eye protection. Wear suitable face shield.</p>	
<p><i>Other conditions affecting worker exposure</i></p>	
<p>Covers indoor and outdoor use Professional use Temperature: Covers use at ambient temperatures. Body parts exposed: Assumes that potential dermal contact is limited to upper part of the body.</p>	
<p><i>Additional good practice advice. Obligations according to Article 37(4) of REACH do not apply.</i></p>	
<p>Additional Good Practice Advice: Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained. Open doors and windows. Prevent leaks and prevent soil / water pollution caused by leaks.</p>	
<p>1.2. CS3: Worker Contributing Scenario: Hand application - finger paints, pastels, adhesives - Rolling, Brushing (PROC10)</p>	
<p>Process Categories</p>	<p>Roller application or brushing (PROC10)</p>
<p><i>Product (article) characteristics</i></p>	
<p>Physical form of product: Solid, medium dustiness</p>	
<p><i>Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure</i></p>	
<p>Duration: Exposure duration <= 480 min</p>	
<p><i>Technical and organisational conditions and measures</i></p>	
<p>Technical and organisational measures Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposures. Avoid direct eye contact with product, also via contamination on hands. Do not ingest.</p>	
<p><i>Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation</i></p>	
<p>Personal protection Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Use suitable eye protection. Wear suitable face shield.</p>	
<p><i>Other conditions affecting worker exposure</i></p>	
<p>Covers indoor and outdoor use Professional use Temperature: Covers use at ambient temperatures.</p>	
<p><i>Additional good practice advice. Obligations according to Article 37(4) of REACH do not apply.</i></p>	
<p>Additional Good Practice Advice: Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained. Prevent leaks and prevent soil / water pollution caused by leaks.</p>	
<p>1.2. CS4: Worker Contributing Scenario: Mixing operations - Manual (PROC19)</p>	
<p>Process Categories</p>	<p>Manual activities involving hand contact (PROC19)</p>
<p><i>Product (article) characteristics</i></p>	
<p>Physical form of product: Solid, medium dustiness</p>	
<p><i>Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure</i></p>	
<p>Duration: Exposure duration <= 240 min</p>	
<p><i>Technical and organisational conditions and measures</i></p>	
<p>Technical and organisational measures Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposures. Avoid direct eye contact with product, also via contamination on hands. Do not ingest.</p>	

Local exhaust ventilation
Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Personal protection

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
Use suitable eye protection.
Wear suitable face shield.

Other conditions affecting worker exposure

Outdoor use
Professional use
Temperature: Covers use at ambient temperatures.

Body parts exposed:
Assumes that potential dermal contact is limited to upper part of the body.

Additional good practice advice. Obligations according to Article 37(4) of REACH do not apply.

Additional Good Practice Advice:

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained. Open doors and windows. Prevent leaks and prevent soil / water pollution caused by leaks.

1.3 Exposure estimation and reference to its source

1.3. CS1: Environment Contributing Scenario (ERC8c, ERC8f)

protection target	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
soil	N/A	N/A	= 0.65

1.3. CS2: Worker Contributing Scenario: Material transfers (PROC8a)

Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
inhalative	< 1 mg/m ³	MEASE	N/A

1.3. CS3: Worker Contributing Scenario: Hand application - finger paints, pastels, adhesives - Rolling, Brushing (PROC10)

Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
inhalative	< 1 mg/m ³	MEASE	N/A

Additional information on exposure estimation:

If repeated and/or prolonged skin exposure to the substance is likely, then wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

1.3. CS4: Worker Contributing Scenario: Mixing operations - Manual (PROC19)

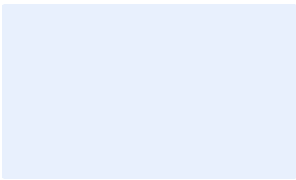
Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
inhalative	< 1 mg/m ³	MEASE	N/A

1.4 Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario:

Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least

equivalent levels.



Exposure Scenario

Lime (chemical), hydraulic

Exposure Scenario, 08/06/2021

Substance identity	
	Lime (chemical), hydraulic
CAS No.	85117-09-5
EINECS No.	285-561-1

Table of contents

1. **ES 1** Service life - workers; Stone, plaster, cement, glass and ceramic articles: Large surface area articles (AC4a)

1. ES 1

Service life - workers; Stone, plaster, cement, glass and ceramic articles: Large surface area articles (AC4a)

1.1 TITLE SECTION

Exposure Scenario name	Road and construction applications - Professional use of floor care products - Tackifier
Date - Version	20/05/2021 - 1.0
Life Cycle Stage	Service life - workers
Main user group	Professional uses
Sector(s) of use	Professional uses (SU22)
Product Categories	Fillers, putties, plasters, modelling clay (PC9b) - Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers (PC9a) - Adhesives, sealants (PC1) - Non-metal surface treatment products (PC15)
Article Category(ies)	Stone, plaster, cement, glass and ceramic articles: Large surface area articles (AC4a)

Environment Contributing Scenario

CS1 Low environmental release	ERC2
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Worker Contributing Scenario

CS2 Mixing operations - Surfaces - Transfer from/pouring from containers - Hand application - finger paints, pastels, adhesives - Filling of equipment from drums or containers	PROC8b - PROC9 - PROC26
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1.2 Conditions of use affecting exposure**1.2. CS1: Environment Contributing Scenario: Low environmental release (ERC2)**

Environmental release categories	Formulation into mixture (ERC2)
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*Product (article) characteristics***Physical form of product:**

Solid, very high dustiness

Vapour pressure:

< 1E-05 Pa

1.2. CS2: Worker Contributing Scenario: Mixing operations - Surfaces - Transfer from/pouring from containers - Hand application - finger paints, pastels, adhesives - Filling of equipment from drums or containers (PROC8b, PROC9, PROC26)

Process Categories	Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at dedicated facilities - Transfer of substance or mixture into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) - Handling of solid inorganic substances at ambient temperature (PROC8b, PROC9, PROC26)
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*Product (article) characteristics***Physical form of product:**

Solid, very high dustiness

*Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure***Duration:**

Exposure duration <= 240 min

Frequency:

Use frequency = 8 h/event

*Technical and organisational conditions and measures***Technical and organisational measures**

Provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).
Do not ingest.

*Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation***Personal protection**

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
Use eye protection according to EN 166.

Wear a respirator conforming to EN140.

Other conditions affecting worker exposure

Indoor use
Professional use

Temperature: Covers use at ambient temperatures. 23°C

1.3 Exposure estimation and reference to its source

1.3. CS2: Worker Contributing Scenario: Mixing operations - Surfaces - Transfer from/pouring from containers - Hand application - finger paints, pastels, adhesives - Filling of equipment from drums or containers (PROC8b, PROC9, PROC26)

Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
inhalative, local, short-term	< 1 mg/m ³	MEASE	N/A

Additional information on exposure estimation:

Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for dermal irritant effects.

1.4 Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario:

Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.